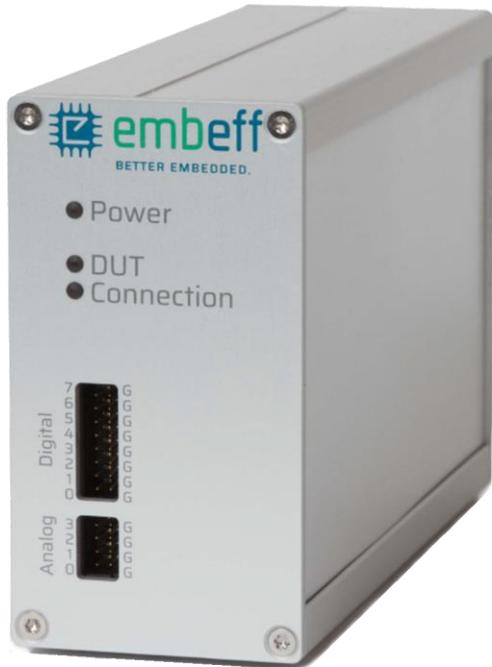




.....

# ExecutionPlatform



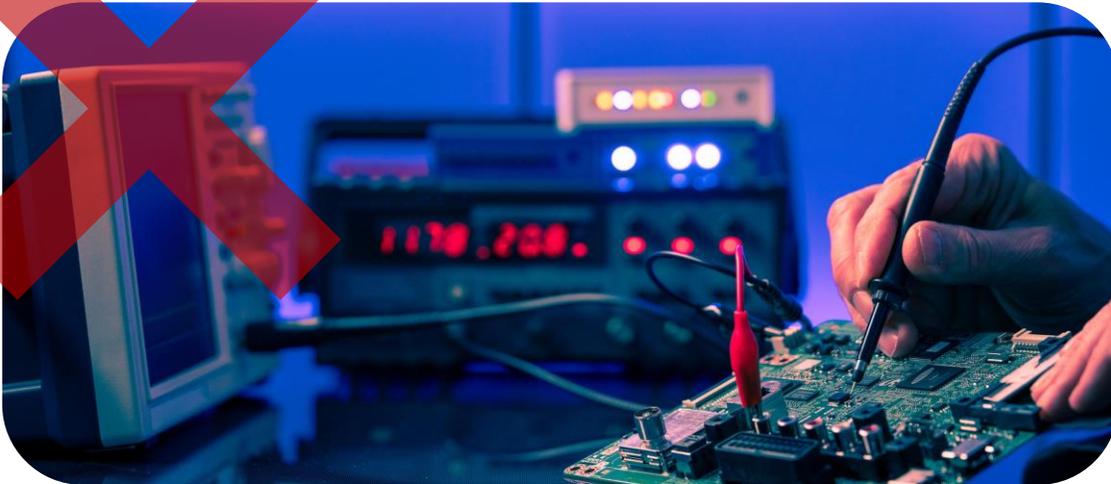
- ✓ Agile Testing for Microcontroller.
  - ✓ Unit-Tests
  - ✓ HW/SW Integration-Tests
  - ✓ System-Tests
- .....



# Impact for Dev-Teams

## Agile testing for stable firmware

- ✓ Early tests for your firmware.
- ✓ Unit, Integration and System tests with a single device.
- ✓ Test error scenarios and ensure coverage.



## Productive work – from anywhere

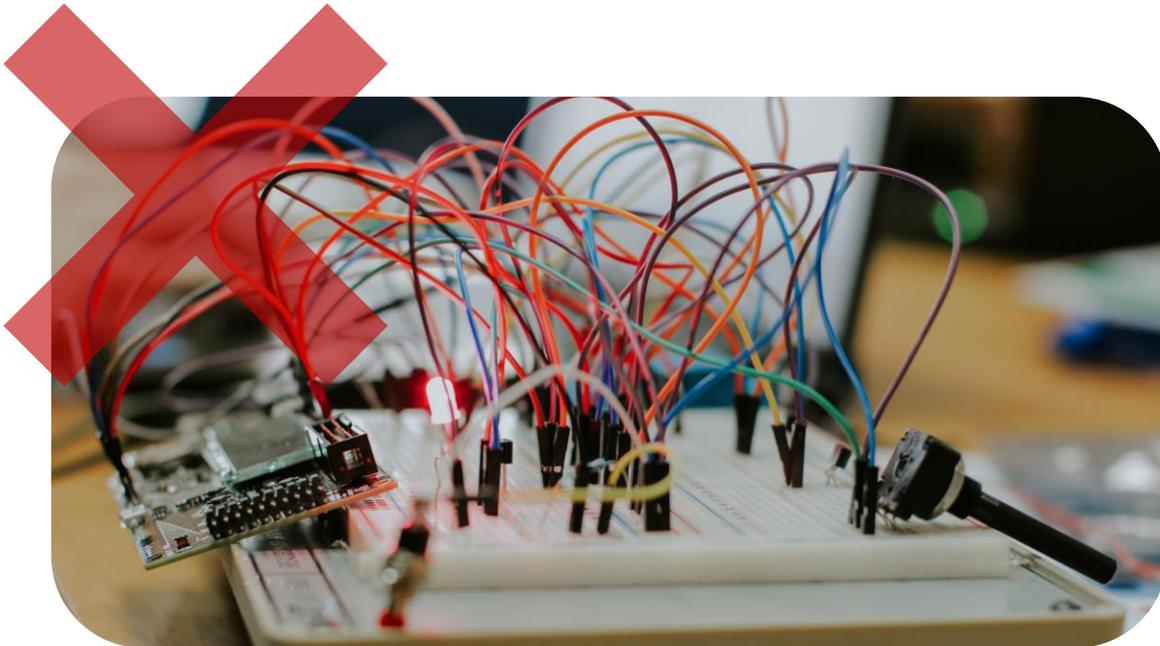
- ✓ Use it from anywhere. You only need a network connection
- ✓ All pins are visible through a Logic Analyzer. No cabling.



# Impact for Companies

## Focus on your core business

- ✓ No more self-made solutions that are impossible to maintain.
- ✓ embeff trainings and support for fast onboarding.

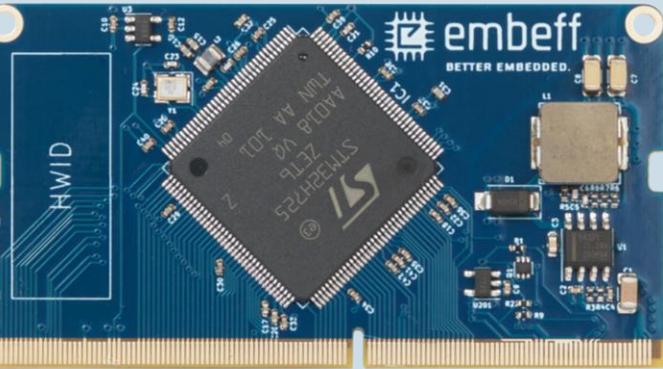


## Scales to your budget

- ✓ Use the same test system for all MCUs.
- ✓ Low invest. Flexible monthly licensing.



# embeff ExecutionPlatform



1

## Integrate your MCU

- ✓ 140 Digital I/O
- ✓ 24 Analog Outputs

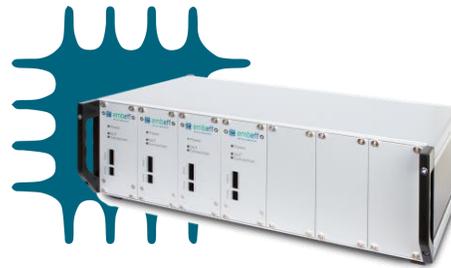
2

## Choose hardware for your needs



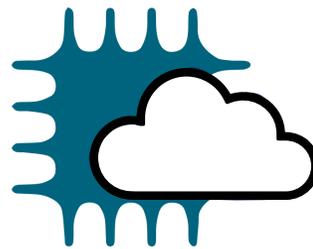
### Standalone

- ✓ 1 MCU
- ✓ Use it on your desk.



### Rack

- ✓ Different MCUs
- ✓ Multiple parallel users.
- ✓ Mountable in your 19" rack.



*Coming soon.*

### Hosted

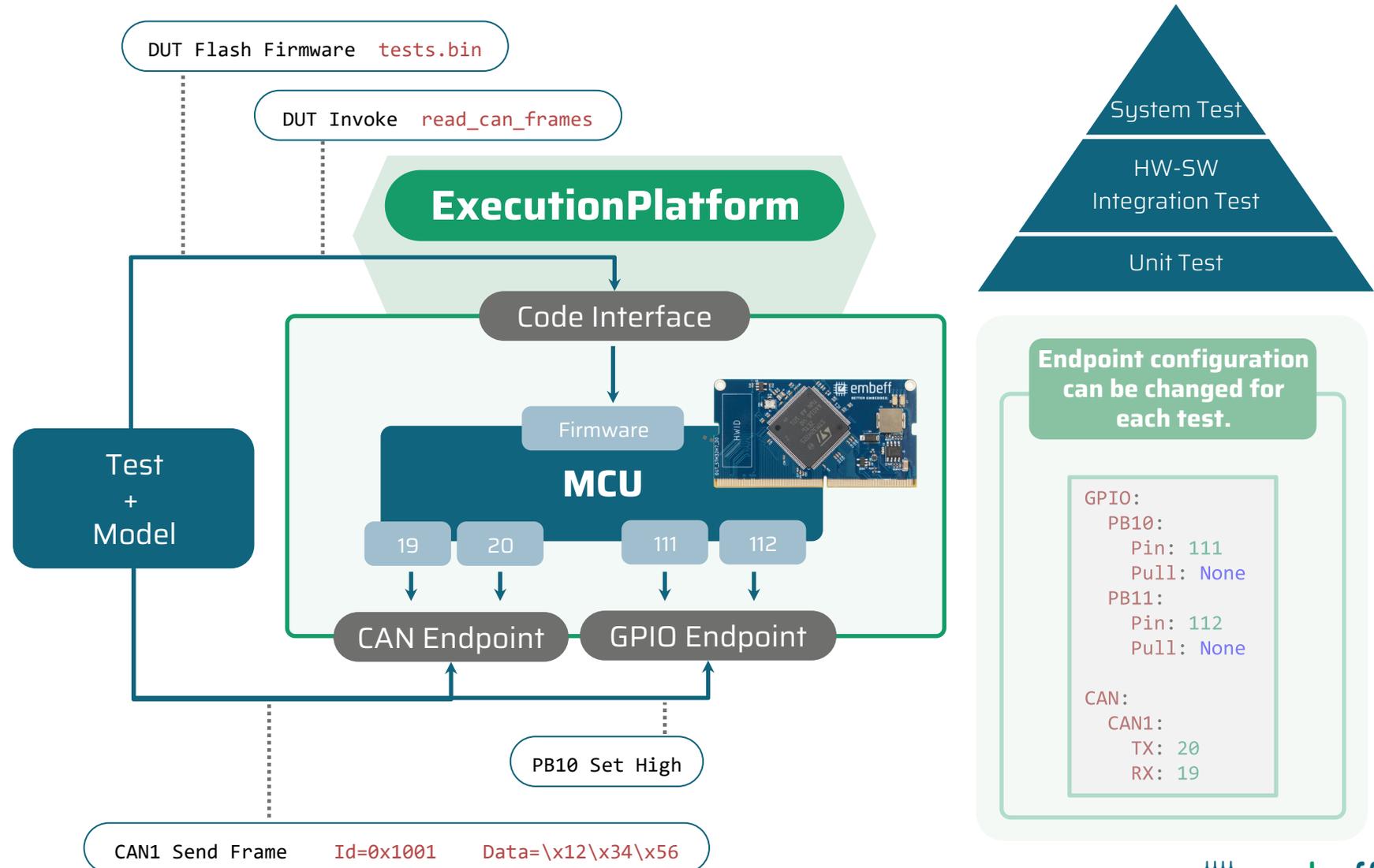
- ✓ We host the hardware.
- ✓ Scales to your needs.
- ✓ Secure access from anywhere.

# Same structure for all tests

Call functions on the microcontroller via the **Code Interface**.

.....  
**Endpoints** are the interface between a test and a specific peripheral. Each endpoint provides specific functionality.  
.....

Use a **Model** as a digital twin to replace your environment.



# Unit-Tests

gtest\_suite1.bin

```
#include <gtest/gtest.h>

TEST(TestSuite, SampleTest1) {
    EXPECT_EQ(1,1);
}

TEST(TestSuite, SampleTest2) {
    EXPECT_EQ(7,7);
}
```

## Test sequence

```
*** Settings ***
Library      EP.py    ${ep_url}    gpio.ep-config
Resource     gtest.resource

*** Test Cases ***

Run Suite 1

    DUT Flash Firmware    gtest_suite1.bin

    Run Gtest Tests
```

## ExecutionPlatform

Code Interface

Firmware

MCU

- ✓ Easy On-Target unit test execution.
- ✓ Support for GoogleTest, Unity, Catch2.
- ✓ Generate Coverage Reports.

# Integration-Tests

example\_spi\_crc.bin

```
#include <ep/core.h>
#include <hardware/spi.h>

// External SPI sensor returns the temperature as a 16-bit value mCelcius.
// A third byte is appended that contains a checksum (CRC).
//
int32_t read_temperature_mC() {
    uint8_t rxBuf[3]{};
    spi_read_blocking(spi0, 0x00, rxBuf, 3);

    uint16_t temp_mC = (rxBuf[1] << 0) | (rxBuf[0] << 8);
    uint8_t crc_expected = crc8(rxBuf, sizeof(uint16_t));
    uint8_t crc_seen = rxBuf[2];

    if (crc_seen != crc_expected) { return -1; }
    return temp_mC;
}

int32_t ep_read_temperature_mC(uint8_t const *, int) {
    // Wrap generic EP invoke interface to specific function.
    return read_temperature_mC();
}

int ep_app_main() {
    spi_init(spi0, 100e3);
    ep_register("read_temperature_mC", &ep_read_temperature_mC);
    return ep_process_loop();
}
```

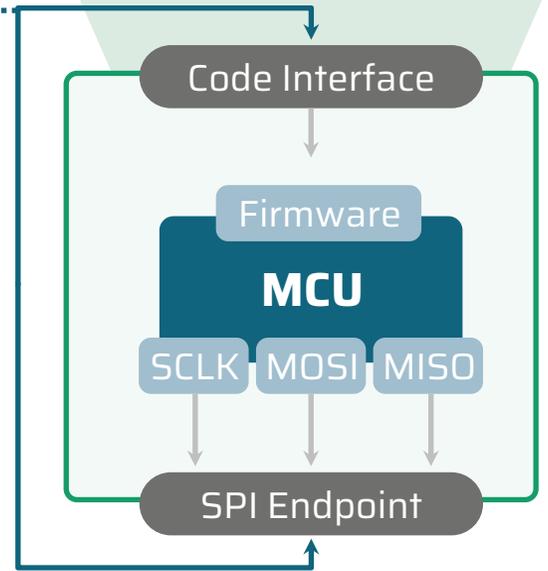
## Test sequence

```
*** Settings ***
Library          EP.py    ${ep_url}    spi.ep-config
Suite Setup      DUT Flash Firmware    example_spi_crc.bin

*** Test Cases ***
Value 20.000 With Correct CRC
    SPI1 Set Response Bytes    \x4E\x20\x6D
    ${temperature_mC} =    Dut Invoke    read_temperature_mC
    Should Be Equal As Integers    ${temperature_mC}    20000

Value 20.000 With CORRUPT CRC
    SPI1 Set Response Bytes    \x4E\x20\xEE
    ${temperature_mC} =    Dut Invoke    read_temperature_mC
    Should Be Equal As Integers    ${temperature_mC}    -1
```

## ExecutionPlatform



## Open Loop Principle



# Model your environment

✓ **Use Callbacks**

✓ **Connect Endpoints**

✓ **Hard real time**

- Robot sequence loads model.
- Model runs in parallel on ExecutionPlatform.
- Use all endpoint functionality.
- React to endpoint events with callbacks.

```
# example_model.py
class SystemModel():
    def gpio0_on_rising(self):
        self.anout0.set_static(3.0)

    def gpio0_on_falling(self):
        self.anout0.set_static(1.5)

    def periodic_100ms(self):
        byte0 = 0x11 if gpio1.read() else 0x22
        self.can1.send_frame(id=0x200, data=[byte0])

    def start(self):
        self.gpio0.callback_on_rising(self.gpio0_on_rising)
        self.gpio0.callback_on_falling(self.gpio0_on_falling)
        self.timer.add_periodic(0.1, self.periodic_100ms)
```

# System-Tests

## firmware.bin

```
int main() {
    hal_gpio_init();
    hal_can_setup();
    hal_adc_init();

    for (;;) {
        double r_pt1000 = measure_pin31();
        uint8_t temp_C = calculate_temp_from_r(r_pt1000);
        can_msg msg { 0x100, 1};
        msg.data[0] = temp_C;
        bool send_ok = hal_can_send(msg);

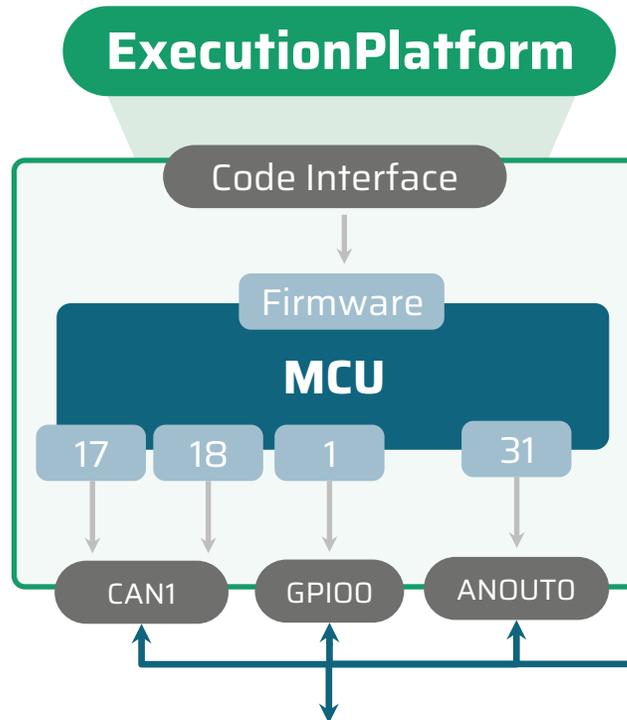
        if (send_ok) {
            hal_gpio_set(Pin1, false);
        } else {
            hal_gpio_set(Pin1, true);
        }
        sleep_ms(900);
    }
}
```

## pt1000\_model.py

```
class SystemModel(config.Configuration):
    def __init__(self):
        self.outputs['FailureCount'] = 0
        self.simulated_temp = 20.0

    def input_changed(self, name, value):
        if name == "SimulatedTemp_C":
            self.simulated_temp = value
            self.update_pt1000_voltage()

    def update_pt1000_voltage(self):
        r_pt1000 = 1000 * (1 + 3.9083E-03 * self.simulated_temp)
        i = 502e-6
        u = r_pt1000 * i
        self.ANOUT0.Set_Static(f"{u}V")
```



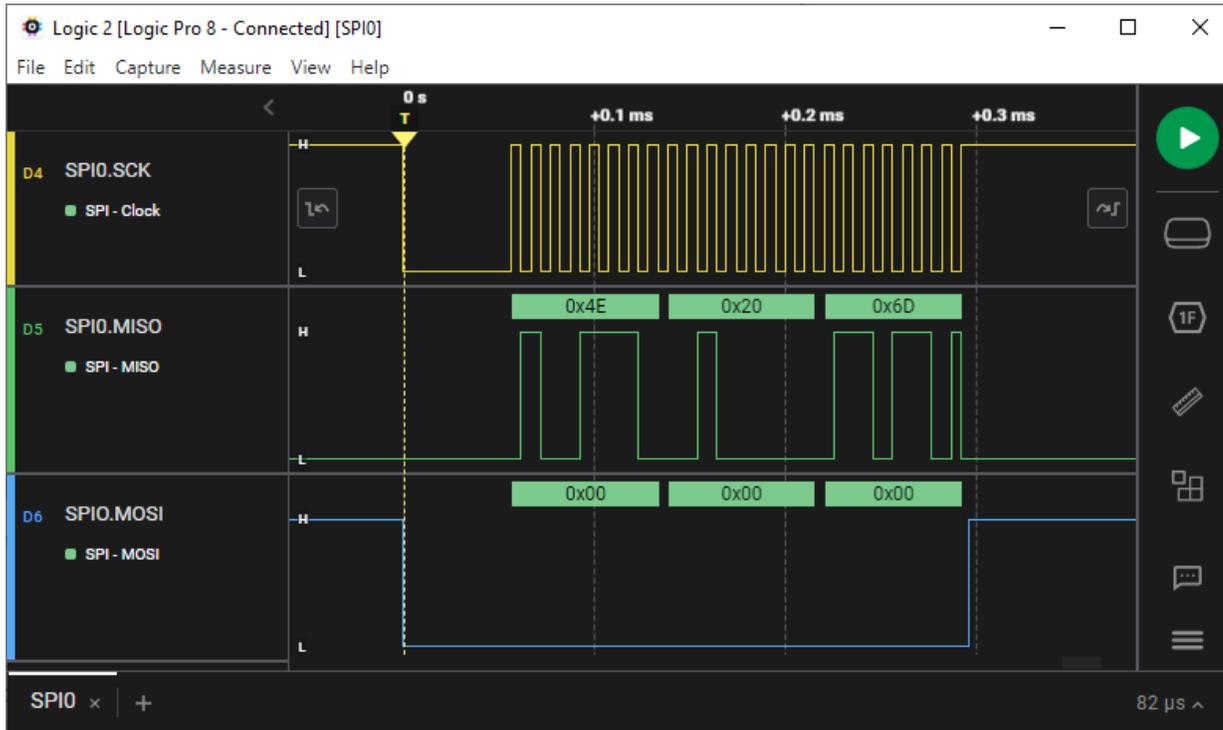
## Test sequence

```
*** Settings ***
Library      ${ep_app_dir}/EP.py    ${ep_url}    redalert.ep-config
Suite Setup  DUT Flash Firmware    firmware.bin

*** Test Cases ***
Simulate Change to 50° and Check Value In CAN Frame
    System Start Model    pt1000_model.py
    System Set Input      SimulatedTemp_C    ${50.0}
    Sleep                1.0s
    ${frames} =          CAN1 Get Frames
    ${temp} =            Get Temperature in Celsius From Frame    ${frames[1]}
    Should Be True      45 <= ${temp} <= 55
    Check That Failure LED on GPIO0 was never enabled
```

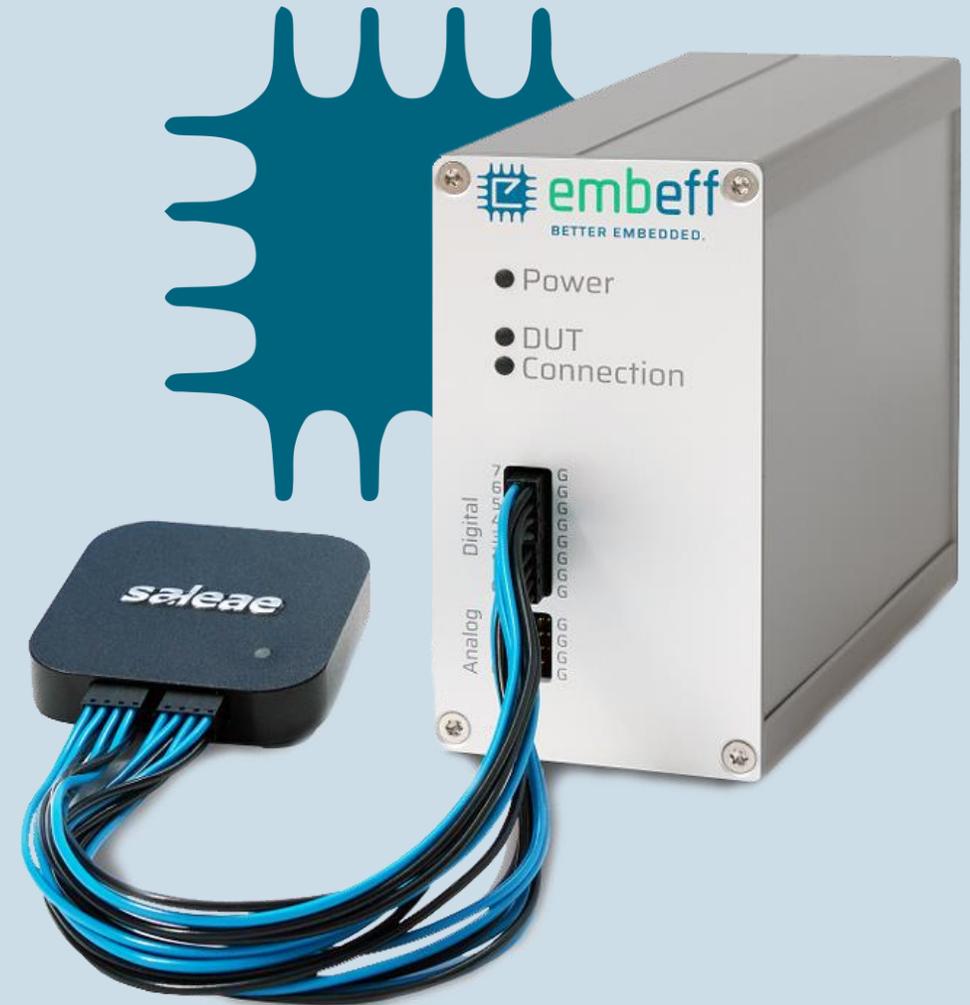
- The firmware reads a PT1000 analog voltage and sends the temperature value every second in a CAN frame.
- The model simulates the temperature voltage based on the test input.
- The test checks whether the firmware sends a simulated temperature value correctly via CAN.

# Understand, what is happening on the MCU



**View any of your MCU pins** by connecting an optional Logic Analyzer. You choose which signals should be shown at runtime. No re-wiring necessary.

.....



# Focus on usability.

We use state-of-the-art technology.

Write and execute tests.  
Reporting.



Robot Framework

Model your environment as  
a digital twin.



python™



Visual Studio Code

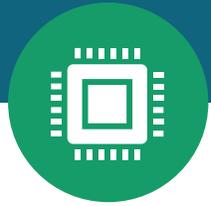
Built-In Flasher.  
Debugging for Cortex-M chips.



It simply works!

- ✓ Ready-to-use integration.
- ✓ Examples.
- ✓ Code-Completion and great usability.

# How to get your ExecutionPlatform.



- ✓ Tell us which MCU you need.
- ✓ Choose package



- ✓ We provide quote.
- ✓ You order.



- ✓ You decide which pins to use.
- ✓ Review.



- ✓ Production.
- ✓ Shipment.



- ✓ Connect to your network.
- ✓ Use ready-to-run examples.

## Pakete

### Unit

- ✓ Code Interface
- ✓ GPIO+Analyzer Endpoint
- ✓ Software Updates & Hardware-Upgrades
- ✓ Top E-Mail Support

### Integration

- ✓ All from "Unit".
- ✓ All Endpoints

### System

- ✓ All from "Integration"
- ✓ Models for digital twins.

**Email us** [sales@embEFF.com](mailto:sales@embEFF.com)

**Call us** [+49-451-16088690](tel:+49-451-16088690)



[Start demo](#)